

**Hearing on 26 June in the Flemish
Parliament, Committee responsible
for European Affairs, on the draft decree
concerning the assent to the Treaty of
Lisbon (1653 (2007-2008) - No. 1).**

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Eric Verhulst: profile

- **Technology entrepreneur & researcher**
 - www.OpenLicenseSociety.org
 - Systems Engineering
 - Formal methods for software and system design
- **Application to socio-economics:**
 - www.WorkForAll.org
 - Work is a fundamental right: key to prosperity
 - Independent socio-economic think tank
 - Focus: right to work (in complete freedom)
 - Restoring productive employment
 - Approximation:
 - Facts, data and thinking ahead
 - Studies, analyses and commentary

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Europe is a beautiful project

1. Peace and prosperity brought after WWII –
Free Trade Zone (= large domestic market)
 - No borders for people and goods

2. Facilitating the economy:

- Common norms and standards • Euro
- Combating trust formation • Creation of a European innovation area • ESA

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Challenges

- Rapid expansion, perhaps too fast or not quite?
 - No real choice (Eastern Europe)
- Ageing & economic stagnation – High unemployment and inactivity •
- Globalization, energy, raw materials •
- Immigration •
- Clumsy and expensive government structures •
- Still a political lightweight on a global level •
- The “European” citizen does not exist: –
Democratic challenge.

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There's more to it than that

Proposition: There are too many unemployed people because the

The economy is stagnating. The economy is stagnating because democracy is failing. Democracy is failing because its moral foundation has been undermined.

- **The Lisbon process demonstrates this**
- **Democratic should be:**
 - Feedback, bottom-up
 - Broad consultation and mature deliberation
 - **Well-considered decisions**
 - Only the framework, impose as little implementation as possible

Democratic functioning of Europe?

- Commission not elected, but appointed
- 80% of national legislation is a result of European decrees: sovereignty?
- Very detailed regulations, technically very demanding
- Growing influence of industrial lobbies
- Lisbon Treaty first sold as “Constitution”
unreadable document 600 pages
- De facto creation of VSEU (Union vs. Community).
OK, but why through a back door?
- After rejection (consensus legally required) repackaged as a hodgepodge of amendments to existing treaties,
just as unreadable.

Treaty of Lisbon

- Certainly contains good elements, but...
- Formal requirements:
 - Readable and well-defined?
- Content requirements:
 - Set the framework, unambiguously?
 - typical text: Article 311 is deleted. A Article 311a is inserted with the text of paragraph 2, first subparagraph; and paragraphs 3 to 6 of Article 299 are amended as follows: ...
- Functional requirements:
 - Adapted to the purpose?
 - democracy is a bottom-up process, not a treaty of amendments in legal speak
- Legal requirements: consensus? (=27x YES)
 - Can therefore no longer be ratified at European level level

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Extensive but vague powers

- E.g.: “The Member States shall coordinate their economic and employment policy in accordance with detailed rules laid down in this Treaty, which the Union shall have competence to provide.”
 - The Union imposes and the (small) Member States are sidelined
 - Will this be a harmonization policy downwards or upwards?
 - Isn't this exactly the reason why Belgium is no longer works?

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Anti-democratic attitude and reaction of European media and top politicians

- Before the Irish referendum:
 - Only government support for Yes camp
 - Intimidation and threats
- After the referendum (54% = no):
 - Gross insults to the Irish people
 - Threats
 - Lying campaigns (ingratitude, role of European subsidies)
- Yet 73% of Irish people are in favour of Europe
 - One of the best scores (avg.EU = 52%)

Should you just push through anyway?

- Most European governments have referendums removed for fear of a “No”: democratic?
- The rest rushes ratification through Parliament
- Irish are being pushed towards a second referendum: is the second no then legitimate?
- What if a large country had voted negatively?
- Commission urges swift ratification by national or regional parliaments: – Does this prove that the Treaty/Constitution has been ratified by the European citizen is worn?
 - Damage to the European idea caused by reactions after the referendum is very great

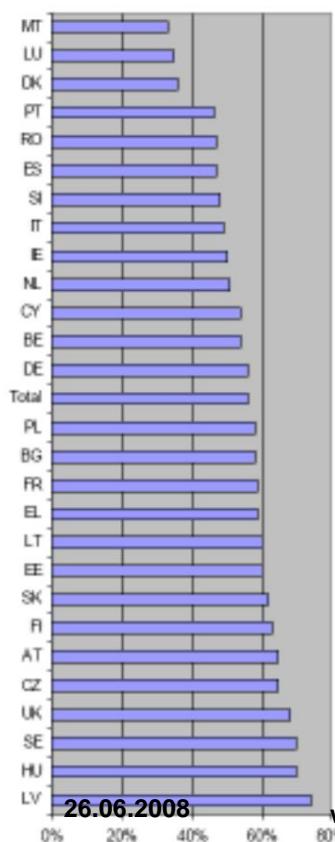
Quid Belgium?

- **Treaty is with the Belgian federal state**
 - Not with the regions
 - Legitimacy of Belgian federal level is faltering
 - Can Flanders chart its own course?
- **However:**
 - The solution for Belgium is a confederal state within a confederal Europe
 - Cf. Switzerland
 - Also a solution for Europe:
 - Only way to work with 27+ heterogeneous Member States in a democratic way

Long-term vision

- **Or a bad and illegitimate treaty?**
 - Imposed unilaterally
 - What if support completely disappears within 10 years? The risk of disintegration is very high.
- **Either build (and earn) democratic legitimacy instead of a treaty**
 - This can give Europe a solid foundation
 - Lasting democratic integration
 - Lasting prosperity

"The EU does not represent ordinary people"



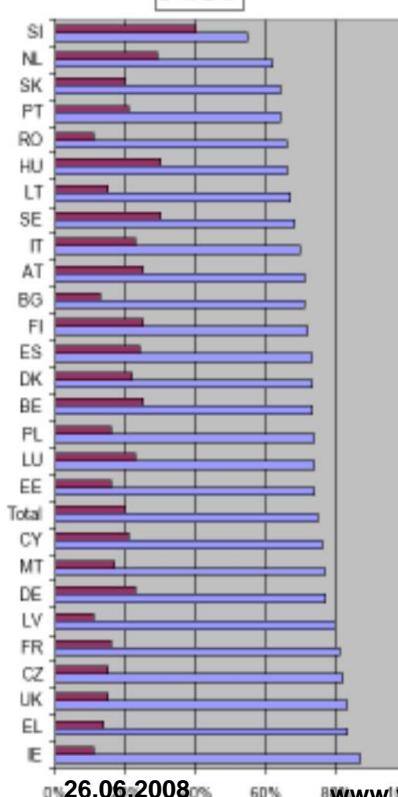
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**Poll on the future of Europe (OpenEurope):
Democratic deficit is clear**

Proposal	Total believing it should be a priority
Establish clear limits on the power of the EU	28%
Reducing the EU's trade barriers against poor countries	27%
Turn the EU into just a simple free trade area, without political aims	25%
The EU should reduce the number of new rules and laws it passes	21%
Making it harder for a few countries to block new EU laws	19%
A single foreign minister for the whole EU	17%
Allowing more countries to join the EU	14%
Spend less on agriculture and more on other things	12%
Don't know	9%
None of these	13
	3%

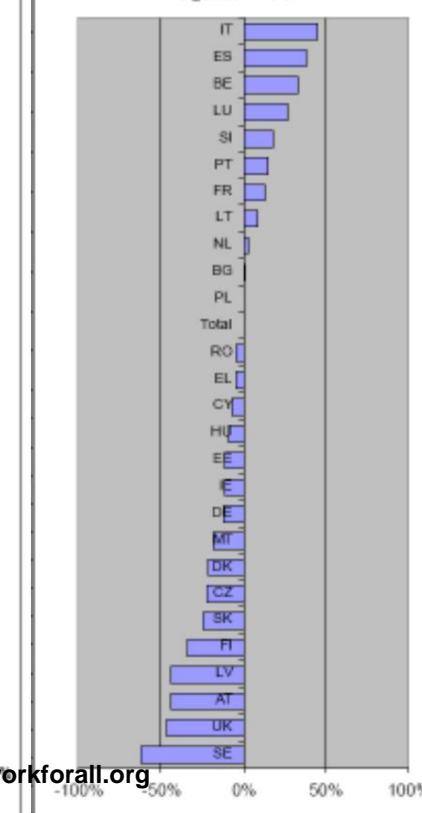
Should people have a referendum on the new EU treaty?

[■ Yes ■ No]



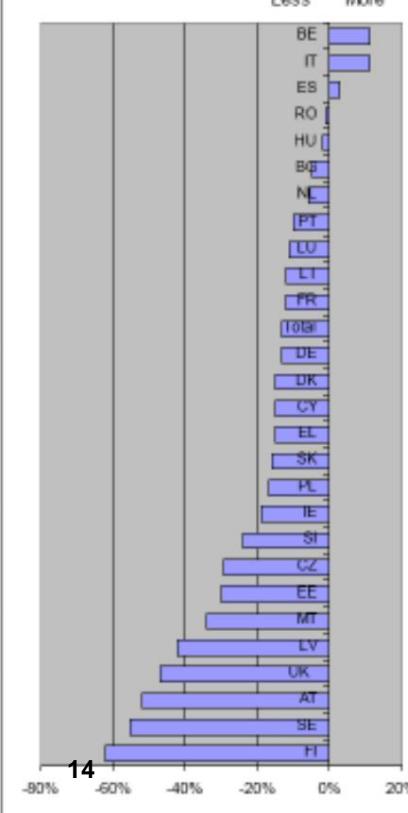
Would you vote for or against a new EU treaty?

Against For



More powers or less for the EU?

Less More



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What needs to happen now?

- Poll on WFA website
- Do you agree that the Lisbon Treaty should be revised?

Yes, because it can no longer be legally approved.

24% (8 votes)

No, the treaty may be ratified unchanged by all EEC member states be accepted

9% (3 votes)

Yes, it needs to be completely revised.

9% (3 votes)

Yes, but it should be split up and all parts should be put to referendum.

39% (13 votes)

Yes, but we must hold a European referendum.

18% (6 votes)

Total votes: 33

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Decide today

- According to current European law, the current treaty can no longer be ratified
- No tricks can save this (already second (trying))
- The treaty is substantively, formally and legally defective
- Better not approve
 - Countervailing power and insight of a regional minority: democratic
- But working towards a democratic Europe
 - Example is Switzerland, confederal
 - Strongly decentralized, strong subsidiarity
 - High prosperity
- Short-term power vs. long-term freedom

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Possible roadmap

- First resolve consensus blocking
 - E.g. ¾ majority + second round with consultation if a Member State has serious objections
- Then draw up a minimal constitution of the USEU, to be approved by national referendums
- Continuous information exchange and citizen involvement. Direct democracy instead of... Representative democracy
- Gradually expand the Constitution by subject with strict application of the subsidiarity principle (bottom-up)
- Reducing the influence of EEG legislation

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References

- <http://www.openeurope.org.uk/>
- <http://www.workforall.org/drupal/en/node/182>
- <http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

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